

don their positions. Further Communist reinforcements have arrived, the reports added. Railway traffic in the Leipzig region was fully resumed on Sunday. In the Halle district the position was reported worse from a Government aspect. Counter action among a section of the workmen is threatened through the calling of a strike if a Soviet republic is proclaimed. Communists are declared to be preventing willing men from resuming their work.

Agricultural Unrest.

Last night's reports said that unrest was spreading among the agricultural population in Pomerania and Mecklenburg. The Communists were still in charge at Stettin. At Kiel, which the troops had left, conditions were reported quiet.

The marine brigade and the Baltic troops, which have been cleared out from Charlottenburg and have joined the other military units at the Döberitz camp, were still in the city. These troops, it was stated, will be counted as the chief protectors of Berlin.

In a tour of the disaffected regions, the Associated Press correspondents of curiosity and sometimes of more than pleasant interest. There were marked indications of resentment on part of the crowds of workmen encountered, and the correspondent was frequently stopped by soldier patrols.

Outside of Berlin the way led through lonely stretches of woodland, where children, all unconcerned at the grim events happening nearby, were playing in the fields, and sometimes to show their teeth. The soldiers accompanied the correspondent to a good reception, reminiscent of the old time Prussian manner at Copenhagen.

Reinforcements on the way. Returning to the city the automobile passed a long string of armed and truckloads of soldiers going to reinforce the encamped troops. Only in the outlying districts was the military conspicuous.

From the barracks the military police gave Wolfgang Kapp's Baltic soldiers. The Government is keeping its troops in the background as much as possible.

One of the principal criticisms directed against the government is the continued suppression of the newspapers, which prevents information regarding developments in the city and the cause of the circulation of ridiculous rumors which serve to increase the anxiety. The only news available to the public today came from leaflets dropped from airplanes containing the Government's proclamation.

The city now is becoming normal. The postal services are working, stores are open and electricity is available to enable small factories to operate. The city and circle railroads have resumed operation, but the elevated has not started up.

The lower class places of entertainment were largely patronized yesterday, but the theatres and big restaurants and cafes were closed because of insufficient electric current. The little food still obtainable through illicit dealers is bringing fabulous prices.

The rector of the Technical College at Breslau has been arrested for high treason. He is charged with organizing a volunteer corps detachment and placing it at the disposal of Dr. Kapp.

MANY MEN STILL OUT IN BERLIN STRIKE

Trenches in Streets Manned by Government Troops.

London, March 22.—Although the strike was longer general, many branches of industry were still affected by it this morning, says a despatch by the London Times from Berlin. The strike leaders were endeavoring to prevent a resumption of work, especially in the metal industry and printing trades and on the street cars and underground railways. Their hands were considerably strengthened by the belittled yesterday's meetings of workers at which a compromise between the Government and the trade unions was condemned. The chief argument against a cessation of the strike is that it would release numerous troops in Berlin to repress the supremacy of the proletariat in various industrial districts.

The despatch adds that the National Assembly will not be able to meet in Berlin before Wednesday at the earliest. It also says that in large areas of the city barricades have been built and trenches dug along roadways which are manned by Government troops.

At Krefeld, twelve miles northwest of Düsseldorf, armed workmen have taken

over the whole industrial organization and the Reichswehr is powerless to deal with the situation. The food situation, particularly in the larger towns, is causing alarm.

8,000 SLAIN SINCE THE REVOLT BEGAN

850 Dead in Berlin, Paris Reports.

PARIS, March 22.—Leprieux is calm, the German situation is calm, but the situation in the Ruhr region, close to the area occupied by the Allies, is most unfavorable. Johann Giesberts, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, has gone there for a parley with the leaders of the Communists.

Eight thousand persons have been killed since the revolt broke out on March 12, according to advisers received here. Of this number 850 were killed in Berlin alone.

Spartan forces in the Ruhr Valley of Germany number at least 20,000, and some estimate them at 40,000, according to latest advice received at the Foreign Office here. They are well organized, being composed of old shock troops and veterans, supplied with artillery, machine guns and mine throwers, and having batteries of 77 centimetre field guns with plenty of ammunition.

Major Beerteld, a relative of Maximilian Harden, is commander of these troops. He is also known as the man who published Prince Liebowitz's report, blaming the German Government for starting the world war, and was also prominent in the Spartacist troubles at the time of the armistice and also January, 1918.

Ebert Government authorities are concentrating troops and planning to surround the Ruhr Valley and force the Spartacists to capitulate. These men, however, are younger and less trained than the Reds.

The occupation of the Ruhr district by German troops is in direct violation of Articles 4 and 23 of the Treaty of Versailles, it was pointed out at the Foreign Office.

The Temps declares that the various parties in the conflict in Germany are inciting each other to take the offensive against the conditions of the Treaty of Versailles, and expresses the fear that if the Allies are not on their guard German anarchy will ultimately bring a renewal of German aggression.

The Allies, according to the Temps, should deliberate immediately on the best way of effectively disarming Germany. The newspaper insists the United States should participate in the deliberations, if they take place, adding that whether the United States ratifies or fails to ratify the treaty, America is directly interested in maintaining the peace of Europe, which can only be assured by the complete disarmament of Germany.

"It is the Allies' duty to seize the opportunity to resume conversations with the Washington Government and to make it a party to their indispensable decisions," the Temps says.

LIVING CONDITIONS CRITICAL IN ESSEN

Fanaticism Rages in Area, Says Coblenz Report.

Coblenz, March 22.—Information received from the Essen area says that living conditions there are becoming veritable, that fanatical sentiment rages and that reaction on the part of the public is expected if the Reichswehr does not drive out the Reds.

AIN-LE-CHATELAIN, March 22.—Artillery has been brought into action at some points in the Ruhr coal basin, near the zone under occupation by the Allies, according to advice received here. Bochum, which was in the hands of the Communists, has been recaptured by the Reichswehr. The Government troops have been forced to evacuate Breilung.

Fighting continues in Leipzig between workmen and troops and there is also fighting at Halle.

STUTTGART, March 22.—A general strike has been called in Munich, and it is expected the movement will extend throughout Bavaria unless it is stopped as a result of the negotiations now in progress to settle the demands of the workmen for pay during the period they were on strike against the Kapp regime. Meetings are to be held in the Württemberg factories by the Councils of Workmen to consider if similar action should be taken throughout Württemberg.

U. S. URGES ALLIED TRADE WITH RUSSIA

Makes Suggestion as Solution of Commercial Problem.

Special to THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Unrestricted trade with Russia at the risk of the persons who engage in it has been suggested by this Government to the Allies as the solution of the Russian commercial problem. The proposal, it is understood, is in the hands of the Allies, but there has been no answer nor any indication as to what the course of the Allies will be. Trading with the co-operatives, with governmental backing, it is held, would be a step toward the recognition of the Soviet Government, to which this Government is opposed.

Another contention advanced by the United States is that the trading with Russia situation has been largely begotten by the misleading statements made by Bolshevik propagandists. This Government, from reports that it has received, does not believe that Russia has anything like the supplies that she claims to have and stands ready to barter with. Also the present state of the exchange market would prevent any benefits that manufacturers or capital in the United States might expect to obtain from a resumption in trade, as Russia would buy too much better advantage in both Great Britain and France, where the purchasing power of gold is greater than in the United States.

Reports from here that the sanction of this Government alone was needed to enable the Baldwin Locomotive Works to sell a large order for railway material to the Soviet Government were characterized as "Bolshevik propaganda." It was said that until some agreement is reached with the Allies there will be no relaxation of the present regulations of this Government.

BERLIN STRIKE'S END LEFT TO STEWARDS

Socialist Factions in a Struggle for Control.

Berlin, March 22 (delayed).—The general strike throughout Germany, which was officially called off, is still being enforced here, although the railroad service has been partly resumed. The continuance of the strike is due to the refusal of the Independent Socialists to obey the orders of Carl Legien, secretary of the German Federation of Trades Union Leagues, for the workers to return to their posts.

Radical leaders charge Legien with having betrayed German labor, and have called the police to force the workers alone are qualified to vote on the question of ending the strike. Therefore the shop stewards will be called upon to decide whether they agree to the terms Legien has exacted of the Ebert Government, and today there is being waged a bitter factional fight between the Majority and the Independent Socialists to see who will elect a majority of shop stewards.

PLAN FOR 'RED WEEK' REVEALED AT TRIAL

Woman Tells of Activities at Wintzky Hearing.

Testimony to the effect that the Communists had planned to have a demonstration to last one week at about the time their headquarters were raided by the Lusk Committee was heard yesterday at the trial of Harry Wintzky, executive secretary of the party.

According to Miss Theodor Brodsky, who was secretary for Wintzky, the plan was to have a "Red Week" last was to have been known as "Red Week." Notices were sent to all Communist organizations to observe it publicly, but the plans were crushed. It was to commemorate the anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution in Russia.

Wintzky is the first Communist to be tried from criminal anarchy upon the sole charge of membership in an organization advocating violence. Through William J. Fallon, his lawyer, he denies he ever was a Communist, although it is said he has repeatedly addressed public Communist meetings and issued statements on behalf of the party.

Alexander I. Burke and John M. Bowers, Assistant District Attorneys, spent the day in presenting evidence of his activities. Detective Sergeant Cornelius Browne of the police bomb squad was a witness against him. The trial is expected to be finished this week.

WARNS SOVIETS WILL GET NO FOOD

Airplane Drops Manifestos in Dortmund, Where Reds Control.

TRAIN BACK FROM LEIPSIK

American Special Brings Only One Passenger, Others Having Left City.

By the Associated Press.

DORTMUND, March 22.—Manifestos pointing out "that a Soviet dictatorship will end in catastrophe, since hunger is more powerful than civil war," were dropped by an aviator over the town today. The executive committee of the Soviets shortly afterward issued a proclamation setting forth that they had obtained from a resumption in trade, as Russia would buy too much better advantage in both Great Britain and France, where the purchasing power of gold is greater than in the United States.

Reports from here that the sanction of this Government alone was needed to enable the Baldwin Locomotive Works to sell a large order for railway material to the Soviet Government were characterized as "Bolshevik propaganda." It was said that until some agreement is reached with the Allies there will be no relaxation of the present regulations of this Government.

On his arrival in Leipzig Sunday afternoon, Lieut. Bernard Marvin of the engineers, who was in charge of the American train, canvassed the city, which was then in control of Ebert troops. Except Mr. Robertson, a London business man, all the Americans and other persons desiring to quit Leipzig left on a German train Saturday night.

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Returning to Coblenz it was found that Dortmund and other stations were under Soviet control. While the Reds searched the train for arms or members of the Ebert forces, Lieut. Marvin gave Lieut. Hans Fiechmann of the German Mission at Coblenz, who accompanied the train, his American passport in the Red zone and Fischmann was taken for an allied officer and not molested.

On Saturday Hamm was under control of the Reds. Hanover and Bitterfeld were quiet. A Red escort boarded the train at the station at Leipzig Sunday night. Their leader was announced as a Red leader. He was accompanied by three Reds who accompanied the train through that region, leaving it at Duisburg.

Heavy fighting was reported at Bochum Sunday afternoon and evening. The station agents at Dortmund, Düsseldorf and Oberhausen informed Lieut. Marvin that cruel treatment had been meted out to Government troops, especially officers, captured by the Reds.

Lieut. Marvin estimates the dead in the fighting at Leipzig last week at between three hundred and four hundred.

Milk Flour Firm Bankrupt.

Utica, March 22.—Eckberg Company, manufacturers of milk flour, of Cortland, filed an involuntary petition in bankruptcy in Federal District Court here today, with nominal assets of \$755,000. Judge Ray appointed George M. Champin of Cortland receiver and authorized him to continue the business under bond for \$250,000.

HOSPITAL FOR INSANE CALLED FIRETRAP

Director Criticizes Institution at Morris Plains, N. J.

THENTON, N. J., March 22.—The Morris Plains Hospital for the Insane is a veritable firetrap, due to the overcrowding of the inmates, according to A. B. Leach of the board of directors today at a hearing before the joint appropriations committee. A bill providing an appropriation for the next ten years of \$15,000,000 for enlarging State institutional activities was up for discussion.

There was testimony that the corridors at the Morris Plains institution in Morris county are filled with coals at night. Inmates are compelled to climb over the beds of others in order to reach the ones assigned to them. Mr. Leach declared that such a thing as 100 inmates being under the charge of one attendant was not uncommon. He emphasized that there would be a horrifying spectacle presented if a fire should start in the institution in the darkness of night.

FIREMEN SUCCUMB TO TOBACCO SMOKE

Twelve Overcome in Loft Fire on East Side.

Twelve firemen were overcome by the stifling fumes of burning tobacco last night at a fire that partly destroyed the six-story loft building at the northwest corner of Cherry and Broome streets, in the heart of an Italian colony. None of the men were seriously injured, but all had to be carried from the scene by the fire department. Two engine company captains, Louis Graves and John Brennan, were among those attended by ambulance surgeons.

The origin of the fire is a mystery. Policemen Phillips of the Ellisburgh street station discovered it while patrolling his post. Three alarms were sent in before Assistant Chief "Smoky Joe" Martin had enough apparatus to put it under control. The damage was not known.

SHIP BOARD GETS TERMINALS.

All of War Department's Atlantic Coast Facilities Included.

Special to THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—All docks, piers and other terminal facilities of the War Department on the Atlantic seaboard are to be turned over to the Shipping Board for use under an agreement reached between Rear Admiral Benson, chairman of the board, and Secretary of War Baker today.

The agreement covers all of the Government docks and piers and terminals valued at \$143,000,000, administration of which has been in dispute for several years. The agreement also covers the War Department's building system, but all of the property is to be used by or administered by the Shipping Board.

BIG STRIKE IN STRASBOURG.

Employers and Workers Fail to Agree on Wages.

STRASBOURG, Alsace-Lorraine, March 22.—A general strike was called here today owing to the failure of the employers and workers to reach an agreement concerning the men's wage demands.

No papers were published today, the supply of gas was cut off and all stores, with the exception of the food shops, were closed. The city was quiet, however.

BAKER WARNS FOES OF NEW ARMY IDEAS

Letter to March Tells Officers There Is No Place for Obstructionists.

GET CLOSER TO PEOPLE

Secretary Says It Is Duty of All to Tell of Benefits Offered in the Service.

Special to THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—War was declared today by Secretary of War Baker on officers within the army who have been effectively opposing his ideas as to what the "new army" should be. In a letter to Gen. Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff, but plainly intended to strike down into the organization, he warned the personnel of the army that "there is no place for obstructionists."

Officials of the War Department refused to comment on the action of the Secretary of War, but it is understood many regular army officers have paid scant heed to the extensive vocational, educational and recreational programme which the Secretary of War evolved and has made the basis of all enlistment drives since the war.

"From reports reaching me I understand there are still numbers of army officers who are not thoroughly imbued with the spirit of the new army," says Mr. Baker in his letter. "This spirit must be manifested in good works from the highest officer to the lowest, and I desire that it be impressed on every one that it is his duty to bring that spirit into play not only when the occasion presents itself, but to go among civilians and make occasions to tell about the new army that will enable the service to reap the benefits that should accrue from such contact, such benefits being the greater the higher the position, reputation and experience of the officer concerned."

"There is no place for obstructionists in the army. Those of us who are charged with the responsibility of bringing the army into closer communion with the people of the country realize that the very salvation of the army depends on a properly coordinated development of the educational, recreational and character building system with our system of military training."

"It would be unparadoxically stupid of the army not to use every means to spread the idea."

CALLS FOR A UNION IN CENTRAL AMERICA

Guatemalan Assembly Urges Convening of a Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Agitation for the reunion of the Central American republics into one great nation has been revived in Guatemala, according to advice reaching Washington today, the result being that a tense political situation has developed. President Cabrera of Guatemala has been an active opponent of the Unionist idea. The report stated that the prisons were filled with political offenders, but the popular clamor continued.

Demanding the adoption by the Guatemalan National Assembly of a resolution calling a congress of all Central American nations on April 1, the Unionist party has issued a manifesto declaring that the time has come to end the internecine warfare that has prevailed in Central America since the Central American Union was dissolved in 1821, that the political disintegration should disappear and that the people should reestablish a new, free and independent Central American Union worthy to stand by the side of the greatest nations of the world.

Salvador and Honduras have been contending for such a union for years. Costa Rica is favorable to it, but Nicaragua is opposed to the project.

WILL FLY TO PENSACOLA.

Two Large Naval Seaplanes to Leave Rockaway To-day.

Two big naval seaplanes, each carrying a crew of six men, will start early this morning from the Rockaway naval air station on a trip down the coast and to Pensacola, Fla.

The big "ships," each propelled by two 400-horsepower Liberty motors, will travel ninety miles an hour. They are expected to reach their destination tomorrow night. Lieut. A. F. Dietrich will be in command.

SHIP HAS RUN ON LIQUOR.

Caribbean Sea Tourists Buy \$1,700 Worth in 21 Days.

The United Fruit steamship Calumet yesterday from a Caribbean cruise with tourists, sold on the twenty-one days she was outside the prohibition zone \$1,700 worth of bottled goods at the average price of twenty cents a drink. The purser estimated that this meant about seventy-five drinks for each passenger. If all had been consumers, but he feared that some thirty souls might be credited with several times seventy-five.

COLONIAL LAW

Sir Ralph Lane was the pioneer stock breeder of America. He lived in 1610.

Some of his cattle were considered so valuable for breeding that it was forbidden to slaughter them on pain of death.

Thanks to this wise, though stringent, law, the cattle increased and multiplied.

And today thousands of Americans are enjoying their tender, juicy roast beef at CHILDS.

Roast steaks of beef with mashed potatoes, roast beef sandwich with vegetables.

Childs

SLEEPING WOMAN IS TAKEN TO BELLEVUE

Mrs. Mintz's Condition Believed to Result From 'Flu.'

Mrs. Dora Mintz, who has been asleep almost continuously for more than five months, was removed to Bellevue Hospital last night from Willard Park Hospital, where she was accepted as a patient October 17. It is the opinion of the physicians at Bellevue that the woman is not suffering from sleeping sickness, but from an ailment resulting from influenza.

From time to time since she was stricken Mrs. Mintz has been able to take solid food. She has even been able to sit up for a few hours at a time. In February she was believed to be recovering and spent much time in the open air on days when she could remain awake. Now, however, she has lapsed back into sleep and the authorities at Bellevue Hospital are anxious to observe the progress of the case.

Mrs. Mintz is 30 years old and lives at 138 Seventh street.

McCREERY'S ANNUAL SPRING SALES
Embracing Every Department

A Sale for Men!
Genuine Gillette
Safety Razors

at **2.45** each
(including tax)

Less Than One-Half the Standard Price

These Razors were made for the United States Government and before being accepted were thoroughly examined and inspected. Each, therefore, is in perfect condition and ready for use.

As everyone knows the regular and standard price of a Gillette Razor is \$5.00 the world over. The "McCreery" sale price is in this case but \$2.45—less than half the regular price. Why? Simply because we were able to help the government by taking their surplus stock.

These, ordered for the Navy, are each compactly fitted in a durable Navy Blue Kit, and, therefore, suitable for every time or place. Each kit contains besides the razor 12 blades and a metal mirror.

10,000,000 Men Use Gillette Safety Razors.

No Returns. No C. O. D.'s. No Approvals.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue (Main Floor) 34th Street

If your daughter or sister were alone in New York—



Where would she find a place to live? The Y. W. C. A. was forced to turn away 20,000 last year for lack of housing facilities.

Help remedy the situation. Do your part in the campaign for \$1,500,000, March 22-30. One of the purposes is to help provide safe places for girls to live. Send your contribution to Mrs. STEPHEN BAKER, Treasurer, 600 Lexington Avenue New York City

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1 AND 3 WEST 37TH ST.
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THE QUALITY LINEN STORE
FOR EASTER GIFTS
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OF MCGIBBON PURE LINEN, hemstitched with specially selected embroidered corners, also SHEER LINEN LAWN, with dainty ARMENIAN LACE edges, or HAND SCALLOPED and EMBROIDERED CORNERS, and INITIAL HANDKERCHIEFS with hand embroidered letters, all most INTERESTINGLY PRICED.

FANCY LINENS
HAND EMBROIDERED LUNCHEON SETS
REAL LACE LUNCHEON SETS
DAMASK TEA and LUNCHEON NAPKINS
EMBROIDERED GUEST TOWELS
BED LINENS

McGibbon for Quality

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

B. Altman & Co.

Easter Neckwear
for Madame and Mademoiselle

Nothing daintier or more desirable could be imagined than the new neck-finishings for Spring and Summer. The charmingly youthful collars, for instance—so becoming to a pretty neck, so bewitching a completing touch to the smart daytime frock. And while all of them are fine of texture and of workmanship, even to the ultimate degree, their variety is infinite; for some are hand-embroidered, some hand-drawn, some lace-trimmed; some are the work of clever French fingers, others of ingenious American ones; but each and every one possesses a beauty that is distinctively and appealingly its own.

Then, too, there are gimpes of many persuasions, to be worn with the new, jaunty Etons and other fashionable tailleurs; gilets that express the latest word in novelty—even to the oilcloth trimmings; and, in brief, a host of pretty things, all of them dainty and all of them chic.

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THERE IS AN INDISPENSIBLE BENEFIT TO BE SECURED BY RESTRICTING ONE'S SELECTION OF A DOUBLE-BREASTED STREET SUIT TO A STYLE DEVELOPED IN GOOD TASTE WITH A TENDENCY TOWARD RESERVED LINES.

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CLARIDGE SHOP
A New and fashionable Refreshment for TEA
Hotel Claridge, Bway at 44th